

National Occupational Standards

Sector: Building and Construction

Occupation: Scaffolder

MQF Level: 3

Units:

- SCF301: Apply Occupational Health and Safety during Work-Practices
- SCF302: Identify systems, equipment and components
- SCF303: Reading of drawings and calculations
- SCF304: Setting Out, Erecting and Dismantling Scaffolds and Access Equipment



SCF301: Apply Occupational Health and Safety during Work-Practices

This unit is about being able to use safe procedures and safe work practices at sites undergoing new construction or maintenance and repair. The persons carrying out this work must possess the necessary knowledge and skills to ensure that their actions do not create health and safety risks to others, can identify risks and hazards associated with the working environment, with tools, equipment, materials and substances used.

Performance Criteria:

The candidate must have the necessary knowledge and skills to:

- 1. Carry out safe working practices to prevent hazards and to ensure the safety of workers and members of the public.
- 2. Carry out safe working practices using appropriate equipment and materials to prevent damages to work areas and injuries to himself and 3rd parties.
- 3. Set up safety barriers around a work environment hazard to protect workers and members of the public.
- 4. Use appropriate protective clothing and safety equipment and know the whereabouts of firstaid equipment.
- 5. Use, handle and store materials hazardous to health in a safemanner.
- 6. Carry out a risk assessment to cover the job assigned and the working area required for the job.
- 7. Locate and switch-off temporary or fixed electrical switch gear, isolating valves as instructed in the health and safety procedures.
- 8. Collaborate with construction team members.
- 9. State the factors affecting safety of scaffold structures.
- 10. List the types of scaffold inspection checklists.
- 11. State the main content that should form the scaffold register. (Inspection authority or company document).
- 12. Advise on health and safety precautions being applied on day-to-daybases.
- 13. Take all measures to keep adequate working distance from overhead electrical cables.

Required Knowledge

The Level 3 Scaffolder must know and explain:

- 1. The roles and responsibilities of themselves and others under the Health and Safety Act.
- 2. The health and safety risks associated with their role which include tools, materials and equipment used and working practices and procedures.
- 3. The recognition of potential hazardous material at the workplace.
- 4. The procedures for dealing with potential hazardous material in the place of work.
- 5. The health concerns associated with the workplace and safe practices when carryingout work.
- 6. When to seek expert assistance.
- 7. Hazards and potential hazards at the place of work (such as electricity, slippery and uneven surfaces, dust and fumes, handling and transporting, contaminants and irritants, fire, heights, improper use of tools and equipment).
- 8. The understanding of the importance of being alert to the presence of hazards in the place of work.
- 9. The responsible persons to whom to report health and safety matters.
- 10. The emergency procedures in the place of work.
- 11. The first aid facilities that exist within the workarea.
- 12. The understanding of the use of barriers and warning signs.



- 13. The necessary safety precautions including the use of protective clothing and equipment for a range of applications. (Situation instead application).
- 14. The methods used for protecting customers' property.
- 15. When it is required to isolate domestic water services from the main water supply.
- 16. How to describe any toxic effect of materials used.
- 17. The preventative and remedial actions to be taken in the case of exposure to materials hazardous to health.
- 18. The importance to check and follow manufacturer instructions regarding 'expiry dates' and care and condition of Personal Protective Equipment.

Required Skills

- 1. Identify which health and safety procedures are relevant to the working environment.
- 2. Ensure compliance with duties and obligations as defined by the Occupational Health and Safety Act.
- 3. Follow workplace policies and employers' instructions for the safe use and maintenance of tools and equipment.
- 4. Control health and safety hazards within the job responsibility.
- 5. Report any hazards which may present risk to persons.
- 6. Identify, tag according to employer policy and report using standard forms, defective personal protective equipment, defective tools and fittings.
- 7. Follow correct procedures in the event of injuries to themselves or others.
- 8. Take remedial action where work methods are not in line with control measures resulting from relevant risk assessment.
- 9. Adhere to work production and installation procedures as officially instructed by the employer.
- 10. Comply with warning signs and set up safety barriers around working area.
- 11. Make use of appropriate protective clothing provided and safety equipment according to task.
- 12. Use and store materials hazardous to health in a safe manner.
- 13. Monitor the workplace whilst keeping it free from hazards.
- 14. Assist with communicate complex information in unfamiliar and to colleagues such as: report verbally and by means of pre-printed sketches to supervisors and colleagues the erecting and dismantling stage of a scaffold.
- 15. Ensure appropriate health and safety procedures are applied.
- 16. Explain possible hazards with sway transoms considered as a tie with special attention to spacing of ties, box ties and lip ties, tie patterns, abnormal facades.
- 17. Demonstrate proficiency in carrying out a site risk assessment.
- 18. Demonstrate proficiency in using standard forms to carry out individual risk assessment, project team risk assessments, routine checks and maintenance of scaffolds following bad weather.



SCF302: Identify systems, equipment and components

This unit is about identifying the different access and scaffold systems, equipment and components for specific applications based on their technical properties. Typical workplace systems such as the direct and indirect environmental impacts of materials used for scaffolds are also discussed.

Performance Criteria:

The candidate must have the necessary knowledge and skills to:

- 1. Distinguish between types of scaffolding and access equipment based on their characteristics and classification.
- 2. State the criteria for the selection of scaffold.
- 3. State the tools, accessories and equipment used for scaffold erection and dismantling.
- 4. Identify and explain the characteristics and material requirements for Frame Scaffold, Birdcage scaffold, tower scaffold and modular scaffold.
- 5. Systematically keep records of the quantity of materials used by project.
- 6. Organize stores and construction sites facilities.
- 7. Organize and perform functional checks on plant and equipment including routine checks for accuracy on tools and instruments.
- 8. Break down a job into different phases and estimate the duration and production hours required.
- 9. Coordinate with others to ensure project plans consider site, roads, neighbors and neighborhoods concerns and environmental legislation.

Required Knowledge

The Level 3 Scaffolder must know and explain:

- 1. How to demonstrate knowledge of environmental management.
- 2. Metric units of weight and object centre of weight (centre of gravity) and effective line of force.
- 3. Know the rule of thumb and recommended instructions by suppliers regarding couplers, tubes and cantilever beam design.
- 4. The definition of unsymmetrical beams and prefabricated beams.
- 5. The technical characteristics of aluminum and steel tubes.
- 6. The different types of ladders available on the market for specific access from scaffolds.
- 7. The common defects of aluminum and steel tubes and fittings.
- 8. The construction site hazards commonly encountered.
- 9. The hollow concrete block (brick) wall and the limestone wall limitation to anchor scaffolds.
- 10. The type of wood suitable for scaffold platforms.
- 11. Wood preservation methods.
- 12. Typical causes of scaffold incidents and the resulting learning points.
- 13. Digital and hard copies systems used to keep records and control of materials and equipment.
- 14. Workplace procedures regarding final decisions and work permits.
- 15. Environmental regulatory requirements and Project environmental plans including equipment specifications dedicated for such tasks.
- 16. Routine checking procedures for accuracy checks of levelling instruments.
- 17. Workplace storage codes methods.



Required Skills

- 1 Read and interpret counterweighting given specifications and assist in establishing site installation method to erect a hanging scaffold.
- 2 Evaluate a truss-out scaffold for inadequate couplers and inadequate ties considering and giving special attention to the slab and bearing loads.
- 3. Evaluate cantilever scaffolds designs for stability and structure integrity and generate possible site installation methods.
- 4. Evaluate tower and bridge scaffolds designs for stability and structure integrity and generate site installation methods.
- 5. Discuss recommended best practices to install prefabricated beams considering and giving special attention to safe working loads; specified close spacing requirements; beam max lxx (upside down beams), appropriate tightening of knee braces; adequate rolling over provision; appropriate use of unsymmetrical beams.
- 6. Explain recommended best practices in the use of ladders considering and giving special attention not to use the following situations: mid-span supports, ladders at the end of platforms, ladders resting on the projected ends of the scaffold boards forming the platform, length and angle constrains, top not securely tied, the use of wedges under legs, no projection at the top, obstruction to foothold.
- Identify the correct use of the following scaffolding and access equipment: System Scaffold, Tube and Fitting (Coupler) Scaffold, Base-supported Scaffold, Birdcage Scaffold, Bracket (Tank Builder's) Scaffold, Independent Run (Façade or Independent Tied) Scaffold, Mobile Scaffold, Tower Scaffold.
- 8. Identify and describe the main features of demolition scaffolds, weather protection and sheeted stone cleaning scaffolds, temporary roofs and canopies.
- 9. Assess and carry out a visual survey of the following Materials: accessories and Technical data presented with detailed specifications to ensure sound erection of scaffolds: Scaffold tubes, scaffold couplers and fittings, scaffold boards and timber, technical data of prefabricated beams, prefabricated frames and scaffold systems, ropes, lashings, rigging, guys and anchors.
- Identify hazards and describe appropriate safe working methods in constructing and dismantling Independent ties scaffold considering and giving special attention to absence of bracings; wrong coaxial joint in tubes; undermined foundations; attachment of tarpaulins; unnecessary working lifts; overloading; neglected scaffolds over long periods.
- 11. Identify hazards and describe appropriate safe working methods in constructing and dismantling prefabricated frame scaffold and system scaffolds with special attention bad assumptions that prefabricated, and system scaffold do not require additional bracings; failure to use locking pins or wedges; lack of longitudinal stiffness when dismantling long projection components.
- 12. Identify hazards and describe appropriate safe working methods in constructing and dismantling putlog scaffolds with special attention to insufficient grip of the putlog ends in stone and brickwork; dislodgement of the lower lift; removal of guard rail which leaves the joint in the ledger unassisted.
- 13. Identify and describe hazards as a result of use of rotten boards; placing standards (posts) at the end of boards or across joints of boards; waterlogged ground; site surface



water washing; excavation near sole plates; boards level with rubble; inadequate size of sole plate; sole plates on sloping surfaces.

- 14. Identify and describe hazards in bracing configuration with special attention to weak-in-line joints by using spigot pins; poor tightening of sleeve couplers; poor attachment of lifts to bracing systems; bracing not across ground level to top level scaffold; bracing not in two directions; vertical and horizontal forces not related to forces inbraces.
- 15. Interpret the project environmental plan and establish resources required for its implementation.
- 16. Use standard forms to apply for working permits and inform neighbors.



SCF303: Reading of drawings and calculations

This unit is about understanding and interpreting scaffold and building drawings, methods to calculate quantities of fittings and elements, and methods to transform setting out measurements from drawings to site setting out.

Performance Criteria:

The candidate must have the necessary knowledge and skills to:

- 1. Read and interpret plans and specifications to select scaffold fittings and elements.
- 2. Read and interpret plans to establish important building datum grids and levels.
- 3. Calculate the quantities of scaffold fittings required to meet workschedules.
- 4. Calculate linear measurements of diagonals, diameters and right-angle triangles in 2D and 3D structures.
- 5. Set out scaffold 'standards' (posts) correctly spaced as indicated indrawings.
- 6. Set out scaffold 'standards' on pitch circle diameter around circular structures.

Required Knowledge

The Level 3 Scaffolder must know and explain:

- 1. Horizontal levels and horizontal planes, the vertical plumb line and the use of the spirit level in this context.
- 2. Compilations of overall linear dimensions from drawings.
- 3. Calculations involving quantities and costs of materials.
- 4. Calculations with ratios.
- 5. X-axis, y-axis, variable charts and tables.
- 6. Drawings annotations used for levels, gradients and bearings.
- 7. Scientific parameters as used in digital calculators.
- 8. A wide range of hand tools specifications and their use.
- 9. The techniques to produce manual simplified scaffold drawings.
- 10. The metric units of linear measurements, areas, force, pressure and fluid measurements.

Required Skills

- 1. Explain height to base ratio requirements when using towers subjected to combined weights and wind forces.
- 2. Explain possible hazards when using Gim Wheels and Pulleys with special attention to when pulling at wide angles.
- 3. Convert linear dimension in metric units from millimeters to centimeters tometers.
- 4. Interpret drawing symbols, elevations and plans.
- 5. Measure, cut to size and prepare pipes for ready for use.
- 6. Use the 3:4:5 method to set right-angles on site and apply corrections required on slanting slopes.
- 7. Interpret common structural charts and structural plans.
- 8. Calculate areas and volumes of counterweights.
- 9. Convert between units of measurements: meters; centimeters and millimeters.
- 10. Use scientific calculators and digital measuring instruments to measure linear and angular measurements.



11. Convert between tones to kilograms and milliliters to liters.

12. Use established factors to convert volume of material to weight (specific density).



SCF304: Setting Out, Erecting and Dismantling Scaffolds and Access Equipment

This unit is about Setting Out, Erecting and Dismantling Scaffolds and Access Equipment.

Performance Criteria:

The candidate must have the necessary knowledge and skills to:

- 1. Clean, check and store plant, tools and equipment according to manufacturer recommendations and workplace practices.
- 2. Dispose unwanted materials according to project environmental policy and keep areas cleared from unwanted materials.
- 3. Keep records and follow workplace procedures regarding scaffold inspections and for reported damaged items.
- 4. Set out, construct and dismantle frame scaffolds, birdcage scaffolds, tower scaffolds, modular scaffolds.
- 5. Set up, construct and dismantle independent tied scaffolds;
- 6. Assist in communicating complex information in unfamiliar and unpredictable context to colleagues and first line supervisors using the correct scaffold technical terms;
- 7. Co-ordinate and co-operate with colleagues, self-employed sub-contractors and allother construction site workers.
- 8. Take agreed responsibility for completing given scaffold erecting and dismantling tasks and interact with the immediate environment to solve technical issues at one's own initiative.
- 9. Assist in the development of work schedules and maintains progress of material and labour.
- 10. Contribute to improve work activities.
- 11. Recognize the roles and responsibilities of scaffolding and construction teams.
- 12. Maintain interpersonal relationship to understand others and to avoid conflict.

Required Knowledge

The Level 3 Scaffolder must know and explain:

- 1. Residential areas requirements.
- 2. The height of the top rail, mid rail, cross braces conditions, alternatives to guardrails.
- 3. The condition when to use fall arrest systems and personal fall arrest systems requirements.
- 4. The conditions of when guardrails are not required and under what conditions can be removed.
- 5. The general types of 'access' recommendations.
- 6. The type of toe boards, screens, guardrail systems, debris nets, catch platforms, canopy structures and barricades that are available to protect from overhead fallingobjects.
- 7. The maximum vertical tie spacing allowed.
- 8. The planning and scheduling of methods.
- 9. Various procedures to calculate materials requirements.
- 10. Environmentally friendly waste management procedures.
- 11. Safety data sheets of various products.
- 12. Site isolation and traffic control responsibilities and authorities.
- 13. Traffic signs appropriate for roads approaching construction sites.
- 14. Equipment data sheets and routine maintenance manuals.



Required Skills

- 1. Explain recommended best practices to minimize hazards when installing pavement frames with special attention to: not/ leaving long and un-braced bottom standards (posts); overloading; placing of all joint in the standards at the same level; longitudinal instability; not providing an equivalent of bottom standards to the upper standards; not adequate traffic fenders; lack of ties.
- 2. Explain recommended best practices regarding inside boards, guard rails and toe boards with special attention to bay window and recess covering, fixing of boards at the ends of scaffold, around ladders, lapped boards.
- 3. Construct and dismantle the following Ordinary Access Scaffolding complete with all access equipment: Platforms and scaffoldings tied to the face of a building, Broad-area platforms, Movable gangways, towers and masts.
- 4. Identify different types of ties, best practice rules and their specific use.
- 5. Identify best practice to form frames at right angle and parallel to buildings.
- 6. Identify best practice to form lifts forming three dimensional rectangular structures.
- 7. Construct and dismantle the following Special Scaffolds complete with all access equipment: Access birdcages, access towers in tube and couplers, towers-and-bridge scaffolds, frame scaffolds and system scaffolds, cantilever scaffolds, truss-out scaffolds.
- 8. Identify, confirm and communicate technical information including hazards and breakdown.
- 9. Interpret technical specifications from material schedules and data sheets;
- 10. Communicate with builders, steel fixers, formwork and falsework erectors and supervisors.
- 11. Carry out preventive maintenance to hand tools, power tools and equipment.
- 12. Keep adequate records of plant and equipment used by defined zones.
- 13. Use lifting gear appropriately to assist in material handling operations.